Texte zu EU-Regelungen zur umweltgerechten Produktgestaltung und zur Energieverbrauchskennzeichnung in der Beleuchtung – Zusammenstellung [1] des Umweltbundesamtes (UBA), Deutschland



Entwürfe der EU-Kommission vom 6. Oktober 2020

## Stellungnahme des Herstellerverbandes APPLiA [2] vom 3. November 2020

 $- \, Produkt gestaltung \, - \,$ 

Hinweis: Bitte beachten Sie, daß der angehängte Text nur in Englisch verfaßt ist.

**EN:** Information on EU Lighting Regulations – Ecodesign and Energy Labelling – Compilation <sup>[1]</sup> of the Federal Environment Agency (UBA), Germany

The EU Commission's drafts of 6 October 2020

Comments by the Industry Association APPLiA [2] as of 3 November 2020

— Product Design —

FR: Informations sur réglementations de l'UE concernant l'éclairage – l'écoconception et l'étiquetage énergétique – Compilation [1] de l'Agence Fédérale de l'Environnement (UBA), Allemagne

Les projets de la Commission Européenne du 6 octobre 2020

Commentaires de l'association de producteurs APPLiA [2] du 3 novembre 2020

- Conception des produits -

Indication : Veuillez noter que le présent texte n'est disponible qu'en anglais.

1

 $<sup>{\</sup>footnotesize \begin{tabular}{ll} $\underline{l}$ & $\underline{https://www.eup-network.de/de/eup-netzwerk-deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/texte/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-forum-eu-regelungen-beleuchtung/dokumente/deutschland/offenes-fo$ 

<sup>[2]</sup> https://www.applia-europe.eu/

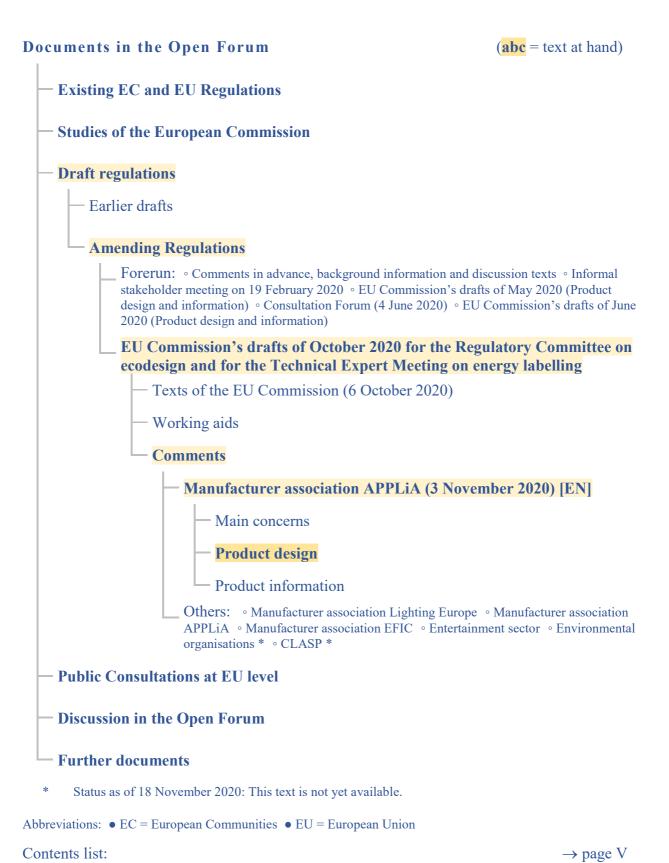
**EN**:  $\rightarrow$  page III **FR**:  $\rightarrow$  page IV

DE: ↓

 $\rightarrow$  Seite V

Abkürzungen: • EG = Europäische Gemeinschaft • EU = Europäische Union

Inhaltsverzeichnis [EN]:



Documents dans le forum ouvert	(abc = présent document)
— Règlements existants de la CE et de l'EU	
— Études de la Commission européenne	
— Projets de règlements	
— Projets antérieurs	
Règlements modificatifs	
Précédent : ° Commentaires en avance, informat ° Réunion informelle des parties prenantes le 19 fév européenne du mai 2020 (Conception des produits consultatif (4 juin 2020) ° Projets de la Commissio produits et informations sur les produits)	vrier 2020 • Projets de la Commission et informations sur les produits) • Forum
Projets de la Commission Européenne d réglementation sur écoconception et pou sur étiquetage énergétique	<u> </u>
Textes de la Commission européenne	(6 octobre 2020)
— Aides du travail	
Commentaires	
- Association de producteurs AP	PLiA (3 novembre 2020) [EN]
Préoccupations principales	
— Conception des produits	
Informations sur les produit	S
	s Lighting Europe • Association de produc- teurs EFIC • Secteur du divertissement CLASP *
— Consultations publiques au niveau de l'UE	
— Discussion dans le Forum Ouvert	
- Autres documents	
* État au 18 novembre 2020 : Ce texte n'est pas encore dispon	ible.

 $\rightarrow$  page V

Abréviations : • CE = Communauté européenne • UE = Union européenne

Table des matières [EN]:

#### **Contents list**

The following table of contents gives details only in the case of lighting products.

The points on which APPLiA has commented are on marked by (APPLiA).

In the original two documents, page numbers start repeatedly at 1. Differing from that, the following page numbers refer to the continuous page numbering added by the publisher, set in red curved brackets as shown in the example on page VII.



## **Ecodesign**

Recitals		2/47
Servers and	d data storage products	
Article 1		1/47
ANNEX I		1/47
Electric mo	otors and variable speed drives	
Article 2		1/47
ANNEX II	(APPLiA)	5/47
Refrigerati	ing appliances	
Article 3	4	1/47
ANNEX III	(APPLiA)	3/47
Light sour	ces and separate control gears (Regulation (EU) 2019/2020)	
Article 4		5/47
	(1) Article 2, point 4 (APPLIA)	5/47
	(-) Article 2, point 3 (APPLIA)	5/47
	(-) Article 2, point 23 (APPLIA)	5/47
	()	

ANNEX IV	
	(1) Annex I ()
	(2) Annex II ()
	(3) Annex III ()
	(-) point 5 /new) <b>(APPLIA)</b>
	(4) Annex IV ()
Electronic	displays (Regulation (EU) 2019/2021)
Article 5	(APPLiA)
ANNEX V	28/47
Household	dishwashers (Regulation (EU) 2019/2022)
Article 6	
ANNEX VI	
Household (EU) 2019/2	washing machines and household washer-dryers (Regulation 2023)
Article 7	
ANNEX VII	(APPLIA)
Refrigerati 2019/2024)	ng appliances with a direct sales function (Regulation (EU)
Article 8	9/47
ANNEX VIII	47/47
Article 9 – Ei	ntry into force and application



# **Labelling**

(...)

Es folgt ein Originaltext, der aus zwei Teilen besteht, deren Seitennumerierung jeweils mit 1 beginnt. Zur besseren Orientierung wurde der Text vom Herausgeber durch einen Fußzeilentext sowie eine durchgehende Seitennumerierung ergänzt; siehe das Beispiel unten. Zwecks Unterscheidung wurden diese Ergänzungen in {roter Schrift} vorgenommen. Dabei verwendete Abkürzungen: • EK-Ew = Entwürfe der EU-Kommission • PG = Produktgestaltung

EN: This is followed by an original text made up of two parts, the page numbering of each part beginning with 1. For better orientation the text has been supplemented by the editor with a footer text and continuous page numbering; see the example below. For purposes of distinction, these additions have been made in {red}. Here used abbreviations: • EK-Ew = EU Commission's drafts • PG = Product design

FR: Ce qui suit est un texte original formé de deux parties, chacune d'entre elles ayant une numérotation de page commençant par 1. Pour une meilleure orientation, le texte a été complété par l'éditeur avec un texte de bas de page et une numérotation continue des pages; voir l'exemple ci-dessous. À des fins de distinction, ces ajouts ont été faits en {rouge}. Abréviations utilisées dans ce cadre: • EK-Ew = Projets de la Commission européenne • PG = Conception des produits

EN 1 EN {EK-Ew 10/2020 - PG - APPLiA 11/47}

VIII



Brussels, XXX [...](2020) XXX draft

#### COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) .../...

of XXX

amending Regulations (EU) 2019/424, (EU) 2019/1781, (EU) 2019/2019, (EU) 2019/2020, (EU) 2019/2021, (EU) 2019/2022, (EU) 2019/2023 and (EU) 2019/2024 with regard to ecodesign requirements for servers and data storage products, electric motors and variable speed drives, refrigerating appliances, light sources and separate control gears, electronic displays, household dishwashers, household washing machines and household washer-dryers and refrigerating appliances with a direct sales function

(Text with EEA relevance)

This draft has not been adopted or endorsed by the European Commission. Any views expressed are the preliminary views of the Commission services and may not in any circumstances be regarded as stating an official position of the Commission.

EN EN

#### COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) .../...

#### of XXX

amending Regulations (EU) 2019/424, (EU) 2019/1781, (EU) 2019/2019, (EU) 2019/2020, (EU) 2019/2021, (EU) 2019/2022, (EU) 2019/2023 and (EU) 2019/2024 with regard to ecodesign requirements for servers and data storage products, electric motors and variable speed drives, refrigerating appliances, light sources and separate control gears, electronic displays, household dishwashers, household washing machines and household washer-dryers and refrigerating appliances with a direct sales function

(Text with EEA relevance)

#### THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products<sup>1</sup>, and in particular Article 15 thereof,

#### Whereas:

- (1) Directive 2009/125/EC empowers the Commission to set ecodesign requirements for energy-related products.
- (2) Provisions on the ecodesign of servers and data storage products, motors, refrigerating appliances, light sources, electronic displays, household dishwashers, household washing machines and refrigerating appliances with a direct sales function were established by Commission Regulations (EU) 2019/424<sup>2</sup>, (EU) 2019/1781<sup>3</sup>, (EU) 2019/2019<sup>4</sup>, (EU) 2019/2020<sup>5</sup>, (EU) 2019/2021<sup>6</sup>, (EU) 2019/2022<sup>7</sup>, (EU) 2019/2023<sup>8</sup> and (EU) 2019/2024<sup>9</sup> (thereafter the "amended Regulations").

Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/424 of 15 March 2019 laying down ecodesign requirements for servers and data storage products pursuant to Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 617/2013 (OJ L 74, 18.3.2019, p. 46–66).

Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/2019 of 1 October 2019 laying down ecodesign requirements for refrigerating appliances pursuant to Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 643/2009 (OJ L 315, 5.12.2019, p. 187).

Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/2020 of 1 October 2019 laying down ecodesign requirements for light sources and separate control gears pursuant to Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Regulations (EC) No 244/2009, (EC) No 245/2009 and (EU) No 1194/2012 (OJ L 315, 5.12.2019, p. 209).

Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/2021 of 1 October 2019 laying down ecodesign requirements for electronic displays pursuant to Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, amending Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 642/2009 (OJ L 315, 5.12.2019, p. 241).

EN 1 EN

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> OJ L 285, 31.10.2009, p. 10.

Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/1781 of 1 October 2019 laying down ecodesign requirements for electric motors and variable speed drives pursuant to Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, amending Regulation (EC) No 641/2009 with regard to ecodesign requirements for glandless standalone circulators and glandless circulators integrated in products and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 640/2009 (OJ L 272, 25.10.2019, p. 74).

- (3) In order to avoid confusion for manufacturers and national market surveillance authorities about the values to be included in technical documentation, and in relation to verification tolerances, a definition of declared values should be added in the amended Regulations.
- (4) To improve the effectiveness and credibility of the product-specific Regulations and to protect consumers, products able to detect being tested and to automatically alter their performance in test conditions with the objective of reaching a more favourable level for any of the parameters specified in these Regulations or included in the technical documentation or included in any of the documentation provided should not be allowed to be placed on the market.
- (5) The relevant product parameters should be measured or calculated using reliable, accurate and reproducible methods. Those methods should take into account recognised state-of-the-art measurement methods including, where available, harmonised standards adopted by the European standardisation bodies, as listed in Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council 10
- (6) For electronic displays and for servers and data storage products, harmonised standards have not yet been developed, and relevant existing standards do not cover all necessary regulated parameters, notably as regards High Dynamic Range and Auto Brightness Control for electronic displays and the operating condition class for servers and data storage products. Until the adoption of harmonised standards by the European standardisation bodies for those product groups, the transitional methods set out in this Regulation or other reliable, accurate and reproducible methods, which take into account the generally recognised state-of-the-art, should be used in order to ensure the comparability of measurements and calculations.
- (7) Electronic displays for professional use such as video-editing, computer-aided design, graphics or for the broadcast sector, possess enhanced performance and very specific features that, although usually involving higher energy use, should not be subject to on-mode energy efficiency requirements set for more generic products. Industrial displays designed for use in harsh operating conditions for measuring, testing or process monitoring and control have specific and high requirements, such as those for minimum ingress protection (IP) level 65 as defined in EN 60259 and should not be subject to eco-design requirements set for products designed for use in commercial or domestic environments.

Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/2022 of 1 October 2019 laying down ecodesign requirements for household dishwashers pursuant to Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 and repealing Commission Regulation (EU) No 1016/2010 (OJ L 315, 5.12.2019, p. 267).

Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/2023 of 1 October 2019 laying down ecodesign requirements for household washing machines and household washer-dryers pursuant to Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, amending Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 and repealing Commission Regulation (EU) No 1015/2010 (OJ L 315, 5.12.2019, p. 285).

Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/2024 of 1 October 2019 laying down ecodesign requirements for refrigerating appliances with a direct sales function pursuant to Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 315, 5.12.2019, p. 313).

Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on European standardisation, amending Council Directives 89/686/EEC and 93/15/EEC and Directives 94/9/EC, 94/25/EC, 95/16/EC, 97/23/EC, 98/34/EC, 2004/22/EC, 2007/23/EC, 2009/23/EC and 2009/105/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decision 87/95/EEC and Decision No 1673/2006/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council.

EN 2 EN

- (8) Vertical static-air cabinets with non-transparent doors are professional refrigerating appliances and are defined in Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1095<sup>11</sup>, and therefore should be excluded from Regulation (EU) 2019/2024.
- (9) Further amendments should be made to improve clarity and consistency amongst the Regulations.
- (10) The measures provided for in this Regulation were discussed by the Consultation Forum in accordance with Article 19(1) of Directive 2009/125/EC.
- (11) Regulations (EU) 2019/424, (EU) 2019/1781, (EU) 2019/2019, (EU) 2019/2020, (EU) 2019/2021, (EU) 2019/2022, (EU) 2019/2023 and (EU) 2019/2024 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (12) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee established by Article 18 of Directive 2009/125/EC.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

#### Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/424

Regulation (EU) 2019/424 is amended as follows:

(1) Article 6 is replaced by the following:

#### 'Article 6

#### Circumvention

The manufacturer, importer or authorised representative shall not place on the market products designed to be able to detect they are being tested (for example by recognising the test conditions or test cycle) and to react specifically by automatically altering their performance during the test with the aim of reaching a more favourable level for any of the parameters in the technical documentation or included in any documentation provided.';

(2) Annexes I, III and IV are amended as set out in Annex I to this Regulation.

#### Article 2

#### Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/1781

Regulation (EU) 2019/1781 is amended as follows:

- (1) Article 2 is amended as follows:
  - (a) in point (2), point (m) is replaced by the following:

'(m) motors placed on the market before 1 July 2029 as substitutes for identical motors integrated in products placed on the market before 1 July 2021 for motors referred to in Annex I.1 (a), and before 1 July 2023 for motors referred to in Annex I.1 (b), and specifically marketed as such;';

(b) in point (3), point (e) is inserted:

EN 3 EN

Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1095 of 5 May 2015 implementing Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for professional refrigerated storage cabinets, blast cabinets, condensing units and process chillers (OJ L 177, 8.7.2015, p. 19).

- '(e) VSD sold as a single cabinet, consisting of VSDs which are all in conformity with this Regulation.';
- (2) Article 3 is amended as follows:
  - (a) point (2) is replaced by the following:
    - '(2) 'variable speed drive' ('VSD') means an electronic power converter that continuously adapts the electrical power supplied to a single motor to control the motor's mechanical power output according to the torque-speed characteristic of the load driven by the motor, by adjusting the power supply to a variable frequency and voltage supplied to the motor. It includes all electronics for protection and auxiliaries which are internal to the VSD.';
  - (b) point (23) is added:
    - '(23) 'declared values' means the values provided by the supplier for the stated, calculated or measured technical parameters in accordance with Articles 5(2) and 5(3), for the verification of compliance by the Member State authorities.';
- (3) Annexes I, II and III are amended as set out in Annex II to this Regulation.

### Article 3 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/2019

Regulation (EU) 2019/2019 is amended as follows:

- (1) in Article 2, point 28 is replaced by the following:
  - '28. mobile refrigerating appliance' means a refrigerating appliance that can be used where there is no access to the mains electricity grid and that uses extra low-voltage electricity (< 120V DC) or fuel or both as the energy source for the refrigeration functionality, including a refrigerating appliance that, in addition to extra low voltage electricity or fuel, or both, can be electric mains operated via an external AC/DC converter to be purchased separately. An appliance placed on the market with an AC/DC converter is not a mobile refrigerating appliance;';
- (2) Article 6 is replaced by the following:

#### 'Article 6

#### Circumvention and software updates

The manufacturer, importer or authorised representative shall not place on the market products designed to be able to detect they are being tested (for example by recognising the test conditions or test cycle) and to react specifically by automatically altering their performance during the test with the aim of reaching a more favourable level for any of the parameters in the technical documentation or included in any documentation provided.

The energy consumption of the product and any of the other declared parameters shall not deteriorate after a software or firmware update when measured with the same test standard originally used for the declaration of conformity, except with explicit consent of the end-user prior to the update. No performance change shall occur as a result of rejecting the update.

EN 4 EN

A software update shall never have the effect of changing the product's performance in a way that makes it non-compliant with the ecodesign requirements applicable for the declaration of conformity.';

(3) Annexes I to IV are amended as set out in Annex III to this Regulation.'.

#### Article 4

#### Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/2020

Regulation (EU) 2019/2020 is amended as follows:

- (1) in Article 2, point 4 is replaced by the following:
  - '4. 'containing product' means a product containing one or more light sources, or separate control gears, or both, including but not limited to luminaires that can be taken apart to allow separate verification of the contained light source(s), household appliances containing light source(s), furniture (shelves, mirrors, display cabinets) containing light source(s).';

(2) in article 2, point 3 is replaced by the following:

(3) 'separate control gear', means a control gear that is not physically integrated with a light source and is placed on the market as a separate product or as a part of a containing product; separate control gear(s) embedded in control board(s) regulating other functions of the containing product are considered components or sub-assemblies as defined in point 2 of Article 2 of Directive 2009/125/EC.

(3) in Article 2, point 23 is added:

(23) 'Luminaire' means an apparatus which distributes, filters or transforms the light transmitted from one or more light source and which includes all the parts necessary for supporting, fixing and protecting the light source and, where necessary, circuit auxiliaries together with the means for connecting them to the electric supply;

(4) Article 7 is replaced by the following:

#### 'Article 7

#### Circumvention and software updates

The manufacturer, importer or authorised representative shall not place on the market products designed to be able to detect they are being tested (for example, by recognising the test conditions or test cycle) and to react specifically by automatically altering their performance during the test with the aim of reaching a more favourable level for any of the parameters in the technical documentation or included in any documentation provided.

The energy consumption of the product and any of the other declared parameters shall not deteriorate after a software or firmware update when measured with the same test standard originally used for the declaration of conformity, except with explicit consent of the end-user prior to the update. No performance change shall occur as a result of rejecting the update.

A software update shall never have the effect of changing the product's performance in a way that makes it non-compliant with the ecodesign requirements applicable for the declaration of conformity.';

(5) Annexes I to IV are amended as set out in Annex VI to this Regulation.

**EN** 5

**Commented [A1]:** APPLiA welcomes the new definition of containing product as it clarifies that a home appliance can never be considered as a light source. Nevertheless, we recommend defining the new terms introduced: e.g. luminaire (see definition below (23))

Formatted: Font: Bold

**Commented [A2]:** Control gear embedded in home appliances should clearly be out of the scope.

Commented [A3]: From (EU)2012/0874

EN

## Article 5 Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/2021

Regulation (EU) 2019/2021 is amended as follows:

- (1) Article 1(2) is amended as follows:
  - (a) point (g) is replaced by the following:

'(g) electronic displays that are components or sub-assemblies as defined in point 2 of Article 2 of Directive 2009/125/EC; the environmental performance of an electronic display placed on the market as a spare part cannot be assessed independently if any of the technical parameters to be included in the technical documentation cannot be measured as prescribed in this Regulation;';

- (b) the following point (h) is added:
  - '(h) electronic displays for industrial applications in hostile environments.';
- (2) Article 2 is amended as follows:
  - (a) point (15) is replaced by the following:

'(15) 'professional display' means an electronic display designed and marketed for professional use for editing video and graphic images. Its specification shall include all of the following features:

- (a) contrast ratio of at least 1000:1 in accordance with EBU Tech 3320
   Grade 2 or higher monitor;
- (b) viewing Angle Dependency in accordance with EBU Tech 3320 Grade 2 or higher monitor;
- (c) native resolution of at least 2,3 mega pixels;
- (d) colour Gamut support greater or equal to 38.4% of CIE LUV;
- (e) colour and luminance uniformity in accordance with EBU Tech 3320 – Grade 2 or higher monitor;';
- (b) the following point (21) is added:

'(21) 'industrial display' means an electronic display designed for use in harsh operating conditions for measuring, testing and process monitoring and control. Its design must provide at least suitability for regular use in ambient temperatures above 40°C, minimum level of ingress protection (IP) ensuring no ingress of dust and complete protection against contact (dust-tight) with no effect for water projected by a nozzle (6.3 mm) against the enclosure, EMC immunity suitable for industrial environments and, in addition at least one of the following: conformal coating of electronic components, assembly potting, impermeable enclosed circuit boards, integrated shatterproof screen or gaskets sealing the display;';

(3) in Article 6, the second and third paragraphs are replaced by the following:

'The energy consumption of the product and any of the other declared parameters shall not deteriorate after a software or firmware update when measured with the same test standard originally used for the declaration of conformity, except with explicit consent of the end-user prior to the update. No performance change shall occur as a result of rejecting the update.

**Commented [A4]:** APPLiA would like to clarify that with the proposed wording the exemption applies also when the display is a spare part of the display integrated in a product.

We understand that the environmental performance cannot be assessed since an integrated display will not have a separate mains connection and an AV signal input to allow for testing. Therefore, the spare part is also considered as component or sub-assembly and therefore, out of scope.

APPLiA asks the Commission to clarify this point directly in the display regulations or in a related guidance document

EN 6

A software update shall never have the effect of changing the product's performance in a way that makes it non-compliant with the ecodesign requirements applicable for the declaration of conformity.';

(4) Annexes I to IV are amended as set out in Annex V to this Regulation.

#### Article 6

#### Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/2022

Regulation (EU) 2019/2022 is amended as follows:

(1) Article 6 is replaced by the following:

#### 'Article 6

#### Circumvention and software updates

The manufacturer, importer or authorised representative shall not place on the market products designed to be able to detect they are being tested (for example by recognising the test conditions or test cycle) and to react specifically by automatically altering their performance during the test with the aim of reaching a more favourable level for any of the parameters in the technical documentation or included in any documentation provided.

The energy consumption of the product and any of the other declared parameters shall not deteriorate after a software or firmware update when measured with the same test standard originally used for the declaration of conformity, except with explicit consent of the end-user prior to the update. No performance change shall occur as a result of rejecting the update.

A software update shall never have the effect of changing the product's performance in a way that makes it non-compliant with the ecodesign requirements applicable for the declaration of conformity.';

(2) Annexes I, III and IV are amended as set out in Annex VI to this Regulation.

#### Article 7

#### Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/2023

Regulation (EU) 2019/2023 is amended as follows:

(1) Article 6 is replaced by the following:

#### 'Article 6

#### Circumvention and software updates

The manufacturer, importer or authorised representative shall not place on the market products designed to be able to detect they are being tested (for example by recognising the test conditions or test cycle) and to react specifically by automatically altering their performance during the test with the aim of reaching a more favourable level for any of the parameters in the technical documentation or included in any documentation provided.

The energy consumption of the product and any of the other declared parameters shall not deteriorate after a software or firmware update when measured with the same test standard originally used for the declaration of conformity, except with explicit consent of the end-user prior to the update. No performance change shall occur as a result of rejecting the update.

EN 7 EN

A software update shall never have the effect of changing the product's performance in a way that makes it non-compliant with the ecodesign requirements applicable for the declaration of conformity.';

(2) Annexes I, III, IV and VI are amended as set out in Annex VII to this Regulation.

#### Article 8

#### Amendments to Regulation (EU) 2019/2024

Regulation (EU) 2019/2024 is amended as follows:

- (1) in Article 1(3), point (e) is replaced by the following: '(e) corner, curved and carousel cabinets;';
- (2) in Article 2, point 21 is replaced by the following:
  - '21. 'corner, curved and carousel cabinet' means a refrigerating appliance with a direct sales function used to achieve geometrical continuity between two linear cabinets that are at an angle to each other and/or that form a curve. A corner, curved and carousel cabinet does not have a recognisable longitudinal axis or length since it consists only of a filling shape (wedge or similar) and is not designed to function as a stand-alone refrigerated unit. The two ends of the corner cabinet are inclined at an angle between 30  $^{\circ}$  and 90  $^{\circ}$ ;';
- (3) Annexes I and IV are amended as set out in Annex VIII to this Regulation.

#### Article 9

#### Entry into force and application

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

Article 1(2), Article 3(3), Article 5(4), Article 6(2), Article 7(2) and Article 8(3) shall apply from *[date – OJ please insert date two months after entry into force]*. Article 2 shall apply from 1 July 2021. Article 4(1) and (3) shall apply from 1 September 2021.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States. Done at Brussels,

For the Commission The President Ursula VON DER LEYEN

EN 8 EN



Brussels, XXX [...](2020) XXX draft

ANNEXES 1 to 8

#### **ANNEXES**

to the

#### COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) .../...

amending Regulations (EU) 2019/424, (EU) 2019/1781, (EU) 2019/2019, (EU) 2019/2020, (EU) 2019/2021, (EU) 2019/2022, (EU) 2019/2023 and (EU) 2019/2024 with regard to ecodesign requirements for servers and data storage products, electric motors and variable speed drives, refrigerating appliances, light sources and separate control gears, electronic displays, household dishwashers, household washing machines and household washer-dryers and refrigerating appliances with a direct sales function

EN EN

#### ANNEX I

Annexes I, III and IV to Regulation (EU) 2019/424 are amended as follows:

- (1) in Annex I, the following point (36) is added:
  - '(36) 'declared values' means the values provided by the supplier for the stated, calculated or measured technical parameters in accordance with Article 4(2), for the verification of compliance by the Member State authorities.';
- (2) in Annex III:
  - (a) the following second paragraph is inserted:

'In the absence of existing relevant standards and until the publication of the references of the relevant harmonised standards in the Official Journal, the transitional testing methods set out in Annex IIIa or other reliable, accurate and reproducible methods, which take into account the generally recognised state-of-the-art, shall be used.';

(b) the following Annex IIIa is inserted:

#### 'ANNEX IIIa

#### **Transitional Methods**

 $\label{eq:Table l} \textit{Table 1}$  References and qualifying notes for servers

Parameter	Source	Reference Test Method / Title		Notes		
Server efficiency and server performance in active state	ETSI	ETSI EN 30 470:2019	03		General notes on the testing with EN 303 470: 2019:  a. Testing should be	
Idle state power (Pidle)	ETSI	ETSI EN 30 470:2019	03		conducted at an appropriate EU voltage and frequency (e.g. 230v, 50Hz).  b. Similar to the provision on expansion APA	
Maximum power	ETSI	ETSI EN 3/ 470:2019	03	Maximum power is the highest measured power demand reported by SERT testing under any single workload and load level.	cards under point 2 of Annex III to Regulation (EU) 2019/424, the unit under test shall be tested with other types of add-in cards (for which no allowance is provided and not exercised in SERT testing) removed, when measuring the idle state power, the active state efficiency and server performance in active state <sup>1</sup> .  c. In the case of servers which iare not declared as being part of a server product family	

This is necessary because of the wide variation of APA cards in the market and the fact that the SERT tool does not include any worklets which exercise APAs. Therefore, SERT efficiency results for servers with the expansion APA cards or other add-in cards would not be representative of the performance/power capability of the server.

EN 1 EN

Parameter	Source	Reference Test Method / Title	Notes
			i.are as-shipped in a configuration without all memory channels populated with the same dual in-line memory modules (DIMMs) a configuration with all memory
			channels populated with the same DIMMs shall be tested <sup>2</sup> .
Power Supply Efficiency	EPRI and Ecova	Generalized Test Protocol for Calculating the Energy Efficiency of De-De-Power Supplies Revision 6.7	Testing should be conducted at an appropriate EU voltage and frequency (e.g. 230v, 50Hz)  Initiatives specifying requirements for this parameter
Power Supply Power Factor	EPRI and Ecova	Generalized Test Protocol for Calculating the Energy Efficiency of Internal Ac-Dc and Dc-Dc Power Supplies Revision 6.7	include: a) 80 Plus programme (EPRI and Ecova) b) EN 50672:2017
Operating condition class		The manufacturer has to declare the product operating condition class: A1, A2, A3 or A4. The unit under test is placed at a temperature corresponding to the highest allowable temperature for the specific operating condition class (A1, A2, A3 or A4), which the model is declared to be compliant with. The unit should be tested with SERT (Server Efficiency Rating Tool) and run test cycle(s) for a duration of 16 hours. The unit shall be considered to comply with the declared operating condition, if SERT reports valid results	

In the case of servers which are declared as being part of a server product family, point 1 of Annex IV to Regulation (EU) 2019/424 foresees that the Member State authorities can test the low-end performance configuration or the high-end performance configuration and, as per definitions 21 and 22 of Annex I, these configurations shall have all memory channels populated with the same DIMM raw card design and capacity.

EN 2

Parameter	Source	Reference Test Method / Title	Notes
		(i.e. if the unit under test is in its operational state for the whole duration of the 16 hours test).	
Firmware availability		Not available	
Secure data deletion	NIST	Guidelines for Media Sanitization, NIST Special Publication 800-88 - Revision 1	Other initiatives specifying requirements for this parameter include:  a) CPA Security Characteristics for Data Sanitisation - Flash Based Storage b) CPA Security Characteristic Overwriting Tools for Magnetic Media Version 2.1 c) CAS Sanitisation Requirements Version 2.0 November 2014 d) CESG - HMG IA Standard No. 5 - Secure Sanitisation Version 5.0.
Ability of the server to be disassembled		Not available	There are no specific test methods for testing this aspect but initiatives specifying requirements for this parameter for ICT equipment include:  a) JRC Report "Study for a method to assess the ease of disassembly of electrical and electronic equipment", May 2016  b) JRC Report " Analysis and development of a scoring system for repair and upgrade of products ", 2019  c) COMMISSION DECISION of 2016/1371 establishing the ecological criteria for the award of the EU Ecolabel for personal, notebook and tablet computers (January 2016).
Critical raw material (CRM) content		EN 45558:2019	

 $\label{eq:table 2} \textit{References and qualifying notes for data storage products}$ 

Parameter	Source	Reference Test Method / Title	Notes
Power Supply Efficiency	EPRI and Ecova	Generalized Test Protocol for Calculating the Energy Efficiency of Internal Ac-Dc and Dc-Dc Power Supplies Revision 6.7	Testing should be conducted at an appropriate EU voltage and frequency (e.g. 230v, 50Hz)  Initiatives specifying requirements for this parameter include:
Power Supply Power Factor	EPRI and Ecova	Generalized Test Protocol for Calculating the Energy Efficiency of Internal Ac-Dc and Dc-Dc Power	a) 80 Plus programme (EPRI and Ecova) b) EN 50672:2017

EN 3 EN

Parameter Source		Reference Test Method / Title	Notes
Operating condition class		The manufacturer has to declare the product operating condition class: A1, A2, A3 or A4. The unit under test is placed at a temperature corresponding to the highest allowable temperature for the specific operating condition class (A1, A2, A3 or A4), which the model is declared to be compliant with. The unit should be tested with SNIA Emerald Power Efficiency Measurement Specification and run test cycle(s) for a duration of 16 hours. The unit shall be considered to comply with the declared operating condition, if SNIA Emerald Power Efficiency Measurement Specification reports valid results for the whole duration of the test (i.e. if the unit under test is in its operational state for the Whole duration of the 16 hours test).	SNIA Emerald Power Efficiency Measurement Specification Version 2.0.2: Section 7.3 General Requirements and Definitions and Section 7.4.3: Active Test
Firmware availability		Not available	
Secure data deletion	NIST	Guidelines for Media Sanitization, NIST Special Publication 800-88 - Revision 1	Other initiatives specifying requirements for this parameter include the following:  (a) CPA Security Characteristics for Data Sanitisation - Flash Based Storage;  (b) CPA Security Characteristic Overwriting Tools for Magnetic Media Version 2.1;  (c) CAS Sanitisation Requirements Version 2.0 November 2014;  (d) CESG - HMG IA Standard No. 5 - Secure Sanitisation

EN 4 EN

Parameter	Source	Reference Test Method / Title	Notes
			There are no specific test methods for testing this aspect but initiatives specifying requirements for this parameter for ICT equipment include the following:
Ability of the data storage product to be disassembled		Not available	(a) JRC Report "Study for a method to assess the ease of disassembly of electrical and electronic equipment", May 2016;
			(b) JRC Report " Analysis and development of a scoring system for repair and upgrade of products ", 2019;
			(c) Commission Decision (EU) 2016/1371 <sup>3</sup> .
Critical raw material (CRM) content		EN 45558:2019	

٠.

in Annex IV, the first paragraph is replaced by:

'The verification tolerances defined in this Annex relate only to the verification by Member State authorities of the declared values and shall not be used by the manufacturer, importer or authorised representative as an allowed tolerance to establish the values in the technical documentation or in interpreting these values with a view to achieving compliance or to communicate better performance by any means.'

EN 5

Commission Decision (EU) 2016/1371 of 10 August 2016 establishing the ecological criteria for the award of the EU Ecolabel for personal, notebook and tablet computers (OJ L 217, 12.8.2016, p. 9).

#### ANNEX II

Annexes I, II and III to Regulation (EU) 2019/1781 are amended as follows:

- (1) Annex I is amended as follows:
  - (a) part 1 is amended as follows:
    - (i) in point (a), points (i) and (ii) are replaced by the following:
      - '(i) the energy efficiency of three-phase motors with a rated output equal to or above 0,75 kW and equal to or below 1 000 kW, with 2, 4, 6 or 8 poles, which are not Ex eb increased safety motors, shall correspond to at least the IE3 efficiency level set out in Table 2 or in Table 3b as appropriate;
      - (ii) the energy efficiency of three-phase motors with a rated output equal to or above 0,12 kW and below 0,75 kW, with 2, 4, 6 or 8 poles, which are not Ex eb increased safety motors, shall correspond to at least the IE2 efficiency level set out in Table 1 or in Table 3a as appropriate';
    - (ii) in point (b), points (i) and (ii) are replaced by the following:
      - '(i) the energy efficiency of Ex eb increased safety motors with a rated output equal to or above 0,12 kW and equal to or below 1 000 kW, with 2, 4, 6 or 8 poles, and single-phase motors with a rated output equal to or above 0,12 kW shall correspond to at least the IE2 efficiency level set out in Table 1 or in Table 3a as appropriate;
      - (ii) the energy efficiency of three-phase motors which are not brake motors, Ex eb increased safety motors, or other explosion-protected motors, with a rated output equal to or above 75 kW and equal to or below 200 kW, with 2, 4, or 6 poles, shall correspond to at least the IE4 efficiency level set out in Table 3 or in Table 3c as appropriate.';
    - (iii) the second paragraph is replaced by the following:

'Energy efficiency of motors, expressed in International Energy efficiency classes (IE), is set out in Tables 1 to 6 for different values of the motor rated output power PN, at 50 Hz or 60 Hz. IE classes are determined at rated output power (PN), rated voltage (UN), and based on 25 °C ambient reference temperature.

For 50/60 Hz motors, the requirements above shall be met at both 50 Hz and 60 Hz at the rated output power specified for 50 Hz.';

(iv) the following tables 3a, 3b and 3c are inserted:

'Table 3a Minimum efficiencies η<sub>1</sub> for IE2 efficiency level at 60 Hz (%)

Rated	Number of poles				
output power P <sub>N</sub> [kW]	2	4	6	8	
0,12	59,5	64,0	50,5	40,0	

EN 6 EN

0,18	64,0	68,0	55,0	46,0
0,25	68,0	70,0	59,5	52,0
0,37	72,0	72,0	64,0	58,0
0,55	74,0	75,5	68,0	62,0
0,75	75,5	78,0	73,0	66,0
1,1	82,5	84,0	85,5	75,5
1,5	84,0	84,0	86,5	82,5
2,2	85,5	87,5	87,5	84,0
3,7	87,5	87,5	87,5	85,5
5,5	88,5	89,5	89,5	85,5
7,5	89,5	89,5	89,5	88,5
11	90,2	91,0	90,2	88,5
15	90,2	91,0	90,2	89,5
18,5	91,0	92,4	91,7	89,5
22	91,0	92,4	91,7	91,0
30	91,7	93,0	93,0	91,0
37	92,4	93,0	93,0	91,7
45	93,0	93,6	93,6	91,7
55	93,0	94,1	93,6	93,0
75	93,6	94,5	94,1	93,0
90	94,5	94,5	94,1	93,6
110	94,5	95,0	95,0	93,6
150	95,0	95,0	95,0	93,6
185	95,4	95,4	95,0	93,6
220	95,4	95,4	95,0	93,6
250	95,4	95,4	95,0	93,6

EN 7 EN

300	95,4	95,4	95,0	93,6
335	95,4	95,4	95,0	93,6
375 up to 1000	95,4	95,8	95,0	94,1

 ${\it Table~3b} \\ {\it Minimum~efficiencies~\eta_{\scriptscriptstyle B}~for~IE3~efficiency~level~at~60~Hz~(\%)}$ 

Rated output	Number of poles			
power P <sub>N</sub> [kW]	2	4	6	8
0,12	62,0	66,0	64,0	59,5
0,18	65,6	69,5	67,5	64,0
0,25	69,5	73,4	71,4	68,0
0,37	73,4	78,2	75,3	72,0
0,55	76,8	81,1	81,7	74,0
0,75	77,0	83,5	82,5	75,5
1,1	84,0	86,5	87,5	78,5
1,5	85,5	86,5	88,5	84,0
2,2	86,5	89,5	89,5	85,5
3,7	88,5	89,5	89,5	86,5
5,5	89,5	91,7	91,0	86,5
7,5	90,2	91,7	91,0	89,5
11	91,0	92,4	91,7	89,5
15	91,0	93,0	91,7	90,2
18,5	91,7	93,6	93,0	90,2
22	91,7	93,6	93,0	91,7
30	92,4	94,1	94,1	91,7

EN 8 EN

37	93,0	94,5	94,1	92,4
45	93,6	95,0	94,5	92,4
55	93,6	95,4	94,5	93,6
75	94,1	95,4	95,0	93,6
90	95,0	95,4	95,0	94,1
110	95,0	95,8	95,8	94,1
150	95,4	96,2	95,8	94,5
185	95,8	96,2	95,8	95,0
220	95,8	96,2	95,8	95,0
250	95,8	96,2	95,8	95,0
300	95,8	96,2	95,8	95,0
335	95,8	96,2	95,8	95,0
375 up to 1000	95,8	96,2	95,8	95,0

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \it Table~3c \\ \it Minimum~efficiencies~\eta n~for~IE4~efficiency~level~at~60~Hz~(\%) \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Rated	Number of poles			
output power P <sub>N</sub> [kW]	2	4	6	8
0,12	66,0	70,0	68,0	64,0
0,18	70,0	74,0	72,0	68,0
0,25	74,0	77,0	75,5	72,0
0,37	77,0	81,5	78,5	75,5
0,55	80,0	84,0	82,5	77,0
0,75	82,5	85,5	84,0	78,5
1,1	85,5	87,5	88,5	81,5
1,5	86,5	88,5	89,5	85,5

EN 9 EN

2,2	88,5	91,0	90,2	87,5
3,7	89,5	91,0	90,2	88,5
5,5	90,2	92,4	91,7	88,5
7,5	91,7	92,4	92,4	91,0
11	92,4	93,6	93,0	91,0
15	92,4	94,1	93,0	91,7
18,5	93,0	94,5	94,1	91,7
22	93,0	94,5	94,1	93,0
30	93,6	95,0	95,0	93,0
37	94,1	95,4	95,0	93,6
45	94,5	95,4	95,4	93,6
55	94,5	95,8	95,4	94,5
75	95,0	96,2	95,8	94,5
90	95,4	96,2	95,8	95,0
110	95,4	96,2	96,2	95,0
150	95,8	96,5	96,2	95,4
185	96,2	96,5	96,2	95,4
220	96,2	96,8	96,5	95,4
250	96,2	96,8	96,5	95,8
300	96,2	96,8	96,5	95,8
335	96,2	96,8	96,5	95,8
375 up to 1000	96,2	96,8	96,5	95,8

٠.

EN 10 EN

<sup>(</sup>v) the following is added before the last sentence:

<sup>&#</sup>x27;To determine the minimum efficiency of 60 Hz motors at a rated power not provided in Tables 4, 5 and 6, the following rule shall be used:

The efficiency of a rated power at or above the midpoint between 2 consecutive values from the tables shall be the highest of the two efficiencies.

The efficiency of a rated power below the midpoint between 2 consecutive values from the tables shall be the lowest of the two efficiencies.';

- (b) Part 2 is amended as follows:
  - (i) in the first paragraph, point (a) is replaced by the following:
    - '(a) the technical data sheet or user manual supplied with of the motor, unless a QR code is supplied with the product with a link to the information.':
  - (ii) in the third paragraph, the introductory wording and point (1) are replaced by the following:
    - 'From 1 July 2021 for motors referred to in Annex I.1 (a), and from 1 July 2023 for motors referred to in Annex I.1 (b) (i):
    - (1) rated efficiency  $(\eta_N)$  at the full, 75 % and 50 % rated load, and rated voltage(s) (U<sub>N</sub>), determined based on 25 °C ambient reference temperature, rounded to one decimal place;';
  - (iii) the eight and ninth paragraphs are replaced by the following:

'For motors exempt from the efficiency requirements in accordance with point 2(m) of Article 2 of this Regulation, the motor or its packaging and the documentation must clearly indicate 'Motor to be used exclusively as spare part for' and the product(s) for which it is intended.

For 50 Hz and 60 Hz motors, the data set out above is provided at the applicable frequency, while for 50/60 Hz motors it is sufficient to provide the data at one frequency, except for the rated efficiency at full load, which shall be specified at both 50Hz and 60Hz.';

- (c) Part 4 is amended as follows:
  - (i) in the first paragraph, point (a) is replaced by the following:
    - '(a) the technical data sheet or user manual supplied with of the motor, unless a QR code is supplied with the product with a link to the information.';
  - (ii) the fourth paragraph is replaced by the following:

'The information referred to in points (1) and (2) as well as the year of manufacture shall be durably marked on or near the rating plate of the VSD. Where the size of the rating plate makes it impossible to mark all the information referred to in point (1) only the power losses in % of the rated apparent output power at (90;100), rounded to one decimal place, shall be marked.';

- (2) in Annex II, part 1, the second paragraph is replaced by the following:
  - 'However, for the seven operating points according to Annex I.2 point (13), the losses shall be determined by either direct input-output measurement or by calculation.';
- (3) Annex III is amended as follows:

EN 11 EN

Commented [A1]: This creates an issue as a spare part can be used for several different products and therefore serial numbers. This means there will be a problem with the space for indication on the packaging. Additionally, spare parts are served by service company's matching system between spare part and the products for which it is intended. this means there is no benefit for the end user, or any other stakeholder created by the requirement of indicating a specific serial number.

We suggest removing it and remain with the current wording of the regulation.

**Deleted:** the unique product identification or serial number of ...

- (a) the first paragraph is replaced by the following:
  - 'The verification tolerances defined in this Annex relate only to the verification by Member State authorities of the declared values and shall not be used by the manufacturer, importer or authorised representative as an allowed tolerance to establish the values in the technical documentation or in interpreting these values with a view to achieving compliance or to communicate better performance by any means.';
- (b) point (7) is replaced by the following:
  - '(7) The Member State authorities shall provide all relevant information to the authorities of the other Member States and to the Commission without delay after a decision being taken on the non-compliance of the model according to points 3, 6 or the second paragraph of this Annex.'.

EN 12 EN

#### ANNEX III

Annexes I to IV to Regulation (EU) 2019/2019 are amended as follows

- (1) in Annex I, the following point (38) is added:
  - '(38) 'declared values' means the values provided by the supplier for the stated, calculated or measured technical parameters in accordance with Article 4.2, for the verification of compliance by the Member State authorities.';
- (2) in Annex II, part 2, point (f) is replaced by the following:
  - '(f) For 4-star compartments, the freezing time to bring the temperature of the light load from +25 to 18 °C at an ambient temperature of 25 °C shall be such that the resulting freezing capacity complies with the requirement in Article 2, point 22.';
- (3) in Annex III, part 1 is amended as follows:
  - (a) point (h) is replaced by the following:
    - '(h) the freezing capacity of a compartment is calculated as 24 times the light load weight, divided by the freezing time to bring the temperature of the light load from +25 to 18 °C at an ambient temperature of 25 °C expressed in kg/24h and rounded to one decimal place;';
  - (b) the following point (j) is added:
    - '(j) the light load weight for each 4-star compartment shall be:
    - 3,5 kg/100 l of the volume of the 4-star compartment evaluated, rounded up to the nearest 0,5 kg; and,
    - 2 kg for a 4-star compartment with a volume for which 3,5 kg/100 l leads to a value lower than 2 kg;

in the case that the refrigerating appliance includes a combination of 3- and 4-star compartments, the sum of the light load weight(s) shall be increased so that the sum of the light load weights for all the 4-star compartments shall be:

- 3,5 kg/100 l of the total volume of all 4- and 3-star compartments, rounded up to the nearest 0,5 kg; and,
- 2 kg for a total volume of all 4- and 3-start compartments for which 3,5 kg/100 l leads to a value lower than 2 kg;';
- (c) Table 4, footnote (b), first line, is replaced by:

'C for combi appliances with 3- or 4-star compartments is rounded to two decimal places and determined as follows:';

- (4) in Annex IV is amended as follows:
  - (a) the first paragraph is replaced by the following:

'The verification tolerances defined in this Annex relate only to the verification by Member State authorities of the declared values and shall not be used by the manufacturer, importer or authorised representative as an allowed tolerance to establish the values in the technical documentation or in interpreting these values with a view to achieving compliance or to communicate better performance by any means.'; Commented [A2]: Introducing now a rounding rule that was not there will create additional workload which will compromise the data reliability contained in EPREL: manufacturers will need to change the whole documentation uploaded in EPREL without adding any benefit to consumers

We strongly recommend to not introduce this rounding rule at this point in time and instead keep using the not rounded intermediate result.

Formatted: Strikethrough

EN 13 EN

- (b) point (7) is replaced by the following:
  - '(7) The Member State authorities shall provide all relevant information to the authorities of the other Member States and to the Commission without delay after a decision being taken on the non-compliance of the model according to points 3, 6 or the second paragraph of this Annex.';
- (c) Table 6 is replaced by the following:

### *'Table 6* **Verification tolerances**

Parameters	Verification	
	tolerances	
Total volume and compartment volume	The determined value <sup>a</sup> shall not be more than 3 % or 1 litre lower — whichever is the greater value — than the declared value.	
Freezing capacity	The determined value <sup>a</sup> shall not be more than 10 % lower than the declared value.	
$E_{32}$	The determined value shall not be more than 10 % higher than the declared value.	
Annual energy consumption	The determined value shall not be more than 10 % higher than the declared value.	
Internal humidity of wine storage appliances (%)	The determined value shall not differ from the limits of the declared range by more than 10 %.	Deleted: prescribed
Airborne acoustical noise emission	The determined value <sup>a</sup> shall not be more than 2 dB(A) re 1 pW more than the declared value.	
Temperature rise time	The determined value <sup>a</sup> shall not be more than 15 % <u>lower</u> than the declared value.	<b>Deleted:</b> higher

(a) [it's missing]'.

EN 14 EN

#### **ANNEX IV**

Annexes I to IV to Regulation (EU) 2019/2020 are amended as follows:

- (1) in Annex I point (52) is replaced by the following:
  - '(52) 'declared values' means the values provided by the supplier for the stated, calculated or measured technical parameters in accordance with Article 4.2, for the verification of compliance by the Member State authorities.';
- (2) Annex II is amended as follows:
  - (a) in point 2, table 4, the cells:

Stroboscopic effect for LED and OLED MLS	SVM ≤ 0,4 at full-load (except for HID with Φuse > 4 klm and for light sources intended for use in outdoor applications, industrial applications or other applications where lighting standards allow a
	CRI< 80)

are replaced by the following:

4

Stroboscopic effect for LED and OLED MLS	SVM $\leq$ 0,9 at full-load (except for light sources intended for use in outdoor applications, industrial applications or other applications where lighting standards allow a CRI $<$ 80)	
	From 1 September 2023: SVM $\leq$ 0,4 at full-load (except for light sources intended for use in outdoor applications, industrial applications or other applications where lighting standards allow a CRI $<$ 80)	

٠:

- (b) in point 3(d), point (1) is replaced by the following:
  - '(1) The information specified in point 3(c)(1) of this Annex shall also be contained in the technical documentation file drawn up for the purposes of conformity assessment pursuant to Article 8 of Directive 2009/125/EC.';
- (3) Annex III is amended as follows:
  - (a) in point 1, point (c) is replaced by the following:
    - '(c) in radiological and nuclear medicine installations that are subject to radiation safety standards as set out in Council Directive 2013/59/EURATOM \*;
    - \* Council Directive 2013/59/Euratom of 5 December 2013 laying down basic safety standards for protection against the dangers arising from exposure to ionising radiation (OJ L 13, 17.1.2014, p. 1).';
  - (b) point 3 is amended as follows:
    - (i) point (s) is replaced by the following:

EN 15 EN

- '(s) incandescent light sources with blade contact-, metal lug-, cable-, litz wire-, metric thread-, pin base- or non-standard customised electrical interface, encasing made from quartz-glass tubes, specifically designed and exclusively marketed for industrial or professional electro-heating equipment (such as stretch blow-moulding process in PET-Industry, 3D-printing, photovoltaic and electronic manufacturing processes, drying or hardening of adhesives, inks, paints or coatings);';
- (ii) point (w) is replaced by the following:
  - '(w) light sources that
  - (1) are specifically designed and exclusively marketed for scene-lighting use in film-studios, TV-studios and locations, and photographic-studios and locations, or for stage-lighting use in theatres, during concerts or other entertainment events;

and that

- (2) meet at least one of the following specifications:
  - (a) LED with power  $\geq 100 \text{ W}$  and CRI > 90;
  - (b) GES/E40, K39d socket with changeable Colour Temperature down to 1 800 K (undimmed), used with low voltage power supply;
  - (c) LED with power ≥ 180 W and arranged to direct output to an area smaller than the light emitting surface;
  - (d) Incandescent light source that is DWE type and has 650 W power, 120 V voltage and pressure screw terminal;
  - (e) LED with power  $\geq$  100 W that allows the user to set different correlated colour temperatures for the emitted light;
  - (f) LFL T5 with G5 cap and LFL T12 with G13 cap, with CRI  $\geq$  85 and CCT 2 900, 3 000, 3 200, 5 600 or 6 500 K.';
- (iii) the following point (x) is added:
  - '(x) incandescent DLS fulfilling all of the following conditions: E27 cap, clear envelope, power  $\geq$  100 W and  $\leq$  400 W, CCT  $\leq$  2 500 K, specifically designed and exclusively marketed for infrared heating';
- (c) A new point 5 is added:
  - 5. Any light source or separate control gear within the scope of this Regulation shall be exempt from the requirements of point 2 items in table 4 "Lumen maintenance factor (for LED and OLED)" and "Survival factor (for LED and OLED)" and point 3 (a) and (b)(1) of Annex II of this Regulation and from points (7b) to (7d) of Annex VI of Regulation (EU)2019/2015, if they are specifically designed to be used in, and exclusively marketed to be a spare part for, electric mains operated containing products (such as household appliances) whose primary function is not lighting, and fulfil all of the following conditions:
    - (a) intended for lighting compartment(s), cavity(ies) or drum(s) or area(s) in the immediate surrounding of the electric mains operated containing product with the exemption of light sources in range hoods within the scope of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 65/2014; and

EN 16 EN

- (b) be switched off by dedicated user interaction or at the latest automatically at the closing of the door(s) or lid(s) of the compartment(s), cavity(ies) or drum(s) or after the end of an active mode; and
- (c) be automatically switched off after no more than 15 minutes in case the door(s) or lid(s) of the compartment(s), cavity(ies) or drum(s) remain open or in case of inactivity; and
- (d) when placed on the market as spare parts can be used only in the specific containing product(s), e.g. because of their special connector and/or geometrical shape, and that cannot be used individually by the end-user for other purposes.

For the light sources and separate control gear fulfilling the requirements set out above, the specific intended purpose shall be stated in the technical documentation for compliance assessment as per Article 5 of this Regulation and in all forms of packaging, product information and advertisement, together with a statement that the light source is not intended for use in other applications.

- (4) Annex IV is amended as follows:
  - (a) the first paragraph is replaced by the following:

'The verification tolerances defined in this Annex relate only to the verification by Member State authorities of the declared values and shall not be used by the manufacturer, importer or authorised representative as an allowed tolerance to establish the values in the technical documentation or in interpreting these values with a view to achieving compliance or to communicate better performance by any means.';

- (b) point 4 is replaced by the following:
  - '(4) The Member State authorities shall provide all relevant information to the authorities of the other Member States and to the Commission without delay after a decision being taken on the non-compliance of the model according to points 3 or the second paragraph of this Annex.';
- (c) in Table 6, the verification tolerance for "Flicker [Pst LM] and stroboscopic effect [SVM]" is replaced by the following:

'The determined value shall not exceed the declared value by more than 0,1.'.

EN 17 EN

#### ANNEX V

Annexes I to IV to Regulation (EU) 2019/2021 are amended as follows:

- (1) Annex I is amended as follows:
  - (a) point 5 is replaced by the following:
    - '(5) 'microLED display' means an electronic display where individual pixels are lit using microscopic LED technology;';
  - (b) the following points (38), (39) and (40) are added:
    - '(38) 'declared values' means the values provided by the supplier for the stated, calculated or measured technical parameters in accordance with Article 4.2, for the verification of compliance by the Member State authorities.
    - (39) 'HD resolution' means 1920 x 1080 pixels or 2 073 600 pixels;
    - (40) 'UHD resolution' means 3840 x 2160 pixels or 8 294 400 pixels.';
- (2) Annex II is amended as follows:
  - (a) Table 1 is replaced by the following:

*'Table 1* **EEI limits for on-mode** 

		EEI <sub>max</sub> for electronic displays with resolution above HD and up to UHD	
1 March 2021	0,90	1,10	n.a.
1 March 2023	0,75	0,90	0,90

٠.

(b) Section C is amended as follows:

The last paragraph of point 2 is replaced by the following:

'Networked electronic displays shall comply with the requirements for networked standby mode with the reactivation trigger device connected to the network and ready to activate a trigger instruction when required to. With networked standby mode disabled, networked electronic displays shall comply with the requirements of standby mode.';

- (c) Section D is amended as follows:
  - (i) point 1 is replaced by the following:
    - '1. Design for dismantling, recycling and recovery

Manufacturers, importers or their authorised representatives shall ensure that joining, fastening or sealing techniques do not prevent the removal, using commonly available tools, of the components indicated in point 1 of Annex VII of Directive 2012/19/EU on WEEE or in Article 11 of Directive 2006/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (1) on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators, when present.

EN 18 EN

By way of derogation, displays specifically designed and exclusively marketed for outdoor use can use irreversible sealing techniques necessary for safety or durability. The technical documentation shall include the technical justification related to why the sealing has been used, as well as instructions on how to disassemble or dismantle the display for repair.

By way of derogation from the first paragraph of this point, the permanent connection between the display and the battery or accumulator is permitted under the conditions indicated in Directive 2006/66/EC

Manufacturers, importers or their authorised representatives shall, without prejudice to point 1 of Article 15 of Directive 2012/19/EU, make available, on a free-access website, the dismantling information needed to access any of the products components referred to in point 1 of Annex VII of Directive 2012/19/EU.

This dismantling information shall include the sequence of dismantling steps, tools or technologies needed to access the targeted components.

The end of life information shall be available until at least 15 years after the placing on the market of the last unit of a product model.';

(ii) in point 5, point (a)(1) is replaced by the following:

'(1) manufacturers, importers or authorised representatives of electronic displays shall make available to professional repairers at least the following spare parts: internal power supply, connectors to connect external equipment (cable, antenna, USB, DVD and Blue-Ray), capacitors above 400 microfarads, non standardised batteries and accumulators, DVD/Blue-Ray module if applicable and HD/SSD module if applicable for a minimum period of seven years after placing the last unit of the model on the market;';

## (3) Annex III is modified as follows:

(a) the following second paragraph is inserted:

'In the absence of existing relevant standards and until the publication of the references of the relevant harmonised standards in the Official Journal, the transitional testing methods set out in Annex IIIa or other reliable, accurate and reproducible methods, which take into account the generally recognised state-of-the-art, shall be used.';

(b) at the end of the Annex, the following is inserted:

'Measurements of Standard Dynamic Range, screen luminance for Auto Brightness Control, Peak White luminance ratio shall be made as detailed in Table 1. The functioning of the forced menu shall be as detailed in Table 1, last row.

Table 1
References and qualifying notes

	Notes
Pmeasured	Power measurement notes
	(See Section 1.3.7 of Annex IIIa for informative notes regarding the testing of Displays with a standardised
Standard	DC input or a non-removable battery providing the primary power. For the purposes of these Transitional
dynamic range	Measurement Methods a standardised DC input is solely one compatible with the various forms of USB
	power delivery.

EN 19 EN

	Notes
(SDR) on- mode, "normal"	Video Signals Notes  The 10-minute Dynamic Broadcast video sequence described in existing relevant standards shall be replaced with an updated 10-minute Dynamic Broadcast video sequence. This is available for download at: https://circabc.europa.eu/ui/group/1582d77c-d930-4e0d-b163-4f67e1d42f5b/library/23ab249b-6ebc-4f45-9b0e-df07bc61a596?p=1&m=10&sort=modified DESC [link to be updated]. Two files are available, in SD and HD. They are respectively titled "SD Dynamic Video Power.mp4", and "HD Dynamic Video Power.mp4". SD resolution is made available for the limited types of display that cannot accept or display resolution standards. It is recommended that the HD resolution file is used for all other display resolutions since this closely matches the average picture level (APL) of the current IEC HD dynamic broadcast test sequence described in existing relevant standards.  Upscaling from HD to higher native resolution must be performed by the UUT and not an external device. The data signal from the downloaded file storage system to the UUT digital signal interface must be confirmed to provide peak white and full black video levels. If the file playback system has special picture optimisation features (e.g. deep blacks or enhanced colour processing) these should be disabled. For repeatability of measurement purposes, the file storage and playback system should be detailed as well as the type of digital interface with the UUT (e.g. HDMI, DVI etc.) The power measurement P measured is an average value from the full 10-minute length of the test pattern, taken with ABC disabled.
Pmeasured  High dynamic range (HDR) on-mode "normal" (auto mode switching to HDR)	No existing relevant standards can be used. Following the <i>Pmeasured</i> (SDR) test sequence measurement two HDR test sequences shall be played. These 5-minute sequences are rendered in HD resolution only, in the common HDR standards of HLG and HDR10. Upscaling from HD to a higher native display resolution must be performed by the UUT and not an external device. These files are available for download at: <a "hdr_hdr10="" &="" (eu)="" (pav="" (pav)="" *="" +="" 1.="" 2013="" 2019="" [regulation="" abc="" allowance="" an="" and="" annex="" apply="" be="" before="" calculation="" class="" confirmed="" data="" declaration.="" display="" does="" each="" eei="" efficiency="" energy="" essential="" for="" halved="" hdr="" hdr-hlg="" hdr10)<="" hlg="" href="https://circabe.europa.eu/ui/group/1582d77c-dy30-4c0d-b163-4f87e1d42f5b/library/38df374d-f367-4b72-93d6-3f48143ad661?p=1&amp;m=10&amp;sort=modified_DESC_[link to be updated]and have identical programme content. The files are respectively titled " iii.="" in="" integrated="" is="" it="" label="0.5" logged.="" measurement="" menu="" mode="" mode.="" not="" of="" pav="" picture="" pmeasured="" power="" power.mp4"="" sequence="" settings="" should="" summed="" switch="" td="" that="" the="" to="" uut="" vii="" vii.="" viii):="" viz:=""></a>
Screen	Label VIII declaration, kWh/1000h = 0.5 * (Pav HLG + Pav HDR10)  No existing relevant standards can be used.
Luminance Measurement for automatic brightness control (ABC) control characteristics evaluation and any other peak white luminance measurement requirement.	A new variant of the "box and outline" test pattern providing a dynamic format with colour shall be used for all peak white display luminance measurements and not the 3-bar black and white pattern.  A set of these variant test patterns, which combine the box and outline format and VESA L10 to L80 white measurement box format shall be used as described in Section 1.3.4. of Annex IIIa and may be downloaded at: <a href="https://circabc.europa.eu/ui/group/1582d77c-d930-4c0d-b163-4f67e1d42f5b/library/4f4b47a4-c078-49c4-a859-84421fc3cf5c*pe1">https://circabc.europa.eu/ui/group/1582d77c-d930-4c0d-b163-4f67e1d42f5b/library/4f4b47a4-c078-49c4-a859-84421fc3cf5c*pe1</a> Ilink to be updated They are contained in a sub folders labelled SD, HD and UHD. Each sub folder has eight peak white test patterns from L10 to L80. A resolution may be chosen according to the native resolution and signal compatibility of the UUT. The selection of pattern within the appropriate resolution should be based upon a) the minimum required white box dimensions for correct operation of the contact luminance measuring instrument and b) such that no power limiting effect is exhibited by the UUT (large areas of white may result in a reduction of peak white levels) Any upscaling must be performed by the UUT and not an external device. The data signal from the downloaded file storage system to the UUT digital signal interface must be confirmed to provide peak white and full black video levels and have no other video enhancement processing (e.g. deep blacks / colour enhancement) Both the storage system and signal interface type should be noted. For displays tested using the USB-C interface, the host machine shall not have a battery and must operate on its own ac power source (e.g. desktop computer, Blu-ray player, etc.).
Measurements related to ABC for "Allowances and adjustments for the purposes of the EEI calculation and functional requirements"	The methodology for ABC ambient light source set-up and luminance control as specified in existing standards shall not be used for the purposes of ABC related measurements for this regulation. A preferred methodology is detailed in Section 1.3.5. of Annex IIIa.

Formatted: French

EN 20 EN

	Notes
Peak white luminance ratio	No existing relevant standards can be used. The "box and outline" test pattern selected for the ABC peak white luminance measurements (Section 2.3.4) shall be used to measure the peak white luminance of the "normal configuration" with ABC on. If this is less than 150 cd/m² for monitors or 220 cd/m² for other display products, then a further measurement must be made of the peak white luminance of the brightest pre-set configuration in the user menu (not the retail setting). ABC need not be on for the luminance ratio measurements but the status of the ABC (on or off) must apply to both measurements. Where ABC is on, the illuminance should be 100lux for both measurements. Care should be taken to ensure that the test pattern selected for peak white luminance measurement in the "normal configuration" does not cause luminance instability (see section 2.3.4) in the brightest pre-set configuration. A smaller peak white box pattern should be selected for both measurements if instability occurs.
Forced Menu and set-up menus	A UUT set up flow chart evaluating conformity with the set-up requirements of the regulation is shown in Section 1.1 of Annex IIIa

(4) the following Annex IIIa is inserted:

## 'ANNEX IIIa Transitional Methods

## ${\bf 1. \ ADDITIONAL \ ELEMENTS \ FOR \ MEASUREMENTS \ AND \ CALCULATIONS}$

 $\label{eq:Table loss} \textit{Table 1} \\ \textbf{Test Equipment Requirements and UUT configuration}$ 

Description of Equipment	Capabilities	Additional Capabilities and Characteristics	
Power Measuring	Defined in relevant standard	Data logging function	
Luminance Measuring Device (LMD)	Defined in relevant standard	Contact probe type with data logging function	
Illuminance Measuring Device (IMD)	Defined in relevant standard	Data logging function	
Signal Generation Equipment	Defined in relevant standard	See Relevant Notes in 2. References	
Light Source (Projector)	Illuminance at ABC sensor of at least 20,000 lux	Solid state lamp engine (LED, Laser or LED/Laser)	
		Tilting Mounting platform allowing precise alignment of projector beam. This may be combined with or replaced by a built in Optical alignment feature.	
Computer for simultaneous data logging on common timescale	At least 3 appropriate ports allowing interface with power, luminance and illuminance measuring devices.		
Computer with slide show and or picture editing application interfaced with projector	Application allowing projection of full white image with simultaneous control over		

EN 21 EN

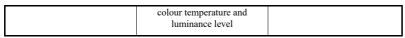


Figure 1: Example of a compliant menu and warning implementation

#### 1.1. Summary of Order of testing

- 1. Setup UUT on a stand identifying location of ABC sensor where applicable and position display luminance and ambient light measuring instruments.
- 2. Run through initial setup confirming correct implementation of forced menu warnings and default settings of "normal configuration" (see Figure 1)
- 3. Mute Audio where applicable.
- 4. Continue warm-up of sample while setting up test equipment and identifying peak white test pattern providing stable display luminance and power measurement.
- 5. If ABC is available and the ABC allowance is claimed, determine the illumination range and the ABC latency required for the sample. Profile the ABC of display luminance between 100 lux and 12 lux ambient light levels and measure on-mode power reduction between those limits. To provide detailed profiling of the ABC influence on power and display luminance, the ambient illumination range may be divided into several steps from just above the 100 lux illumination datum point (e.g. 120 lux) through 60 lux, 35 lux and 12 lux to the darkest level allowed by the test environment.
- 6. Measure peak luminance in the normal configuration. If this is less than 150 cd/m² for a monitor or 220 cd/m² for other display types, also measure the peak luminance of the brightest pre-set configuration in the user menu (not the retail demonstration configuration).
- 7. Measure the on-mode power using the SDR dynamic broadcast video sequence with ABC disabled. Measure the on-mode power using the HDR dynamic broadcast video sequences confirming that HDR mode has been triggered (confirmed by display notification at start of HDR playback and / or change in normal configuration picture settings).
- 8. Measure the power requirement of low power and off modes and the time required by the automatic power down functions to take effect.

#### 1.2. Details of Testing

1.2.1. UUT (display) and measuring instrument set up

EN 22 EN

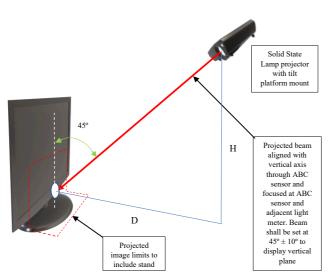


Figure 2. Physical set up of Display and ambient light source

If ABC function is available and the UUT is supplied with a stand this should be attached to the display part and the UUT placed on a horizontal table or platform covered in a black low reflectivity material of at least 0.75 meters height from the floor (typical materials are felt, fleece or canvas theatrical backdrop). All parts of the stand should remain exposed. Displays intended primarily for wall mounting should be frame mounted for ease of access with the lower edge of the display at least 0.75 meters from the floor. The floor surface under the display and up to 0.5 meter in front of the display must not be highly reflective and ideally covered in black, low reflectivity material.

The physical location of the UUT ABC sensor should be determined and measured coordinates of that location, relative to a fixed point outside the UUT, noted. The distances H and D as well as the projector beam angle (see *Figure 2*) should be noted to aid repeatability of measurements. For the projector beam angle adjustment, a black slide with a small white centre box can be used to focus at the ABC sensor and provide a narrow beam of light for angular measurement.

An illuminance meter should be mounted as close as possible to the ABC sensor, taking precautions to avoid reflections of ambient light from the meter casing entering the sensor. This may be achieved by various methods in combination, including shrouding the illuminance meter in black felt and facilitating an adjustable mechanical mounting which does not allow the meter casing to protrude beyond the front of the ABC sensor.

The following proven procedure is recommended for an accurate and repeatable logging of ABC sensor illuminance levels with a minimum of mechanical mounting challenges. This procedure allows correction for any illuminance error introduced by the practical impossibility of mounting the illuminance meter at exactly the same

physical position as the ABC sensor for simultaneous illumination. The procedure thus allows simultaneous illumination of the ABC sensor and illumination meter without physical disturbance of the UUT and meter after set-up. With appropriate logging software, the required step changes in illuminance can be synchronised to on-mode power measurement and display luminance measurement to automatically log and profile the ABC.

The illuminance meter should be located a few centimetres away from the ABC sensor to ensure that direct reflections of the projector beam, from the meter casing, cannot enter the ABC sensor. The illuminance meter detector horizontal axis should be on the same horizontal axis as the ABC sensor with the meter vertical axis strictly parallel to the display vertical plane. The physical coordinates of the meter mounting point relative to the fixed external point used to record the physical location of the ABC sensor should be measured and noted.

The projector should be mounted in a position with the axis of its projected beam in line with a vertical plane perpendicular to the display surface and running through the vertical axis of the ABC sensor (see *Figure 2*) The projector platform height, tilt and distance from the UUT should be adjusted to allow a full frame peak white projected image to focus on an area covering the ABC sensor and illuminance meter whilst delivering the maximum ambient illumination level (lux) required at the sensor for testing. In this context it should be noted that some Digital Signage Displays (DSD) have ABC operative in ambient light conditions from up to 20,000 lux to below 100 lux.

The contact luminance meter for display luminance measurement should be rigged to align with the centre of the UUT screen.

The projected illuminance image overlapping the horizontal surface below the UUT display should not extend beyond the vertical plane of the display unless a reflective stand encroaches into a larger forward area than this, in which case the edge of the image should be aligned with the extremities of the stand (see *Figure 2*). The top horizontal edge of the projected image should not be less than 1 cm below the lower edge of the contact luminance meter shroud. This may be achieved by optical adjustment or the physical positioning of the projector, within the constraints of the required 45° beam angle and the required maximum illuminance at the ABC sensor.

With the UUT and illuminance meter position coordinates noted and the projector producing a stable illuminance within the range to be measured (normally stability is achieved a few minutes from switch-on with solid state lamp engines) the UUT should be moved sufficiently to allow the illuminance meter front face and detector centre to be aligned with the physical position coordinates noted for the UUT ABC sensor. The illuminance measured at this point should be noted and the meter returned to its original set-up position along with the UUT. The illuminance should be measured again at the set-up position. The percentage difference between the illuminance measured at the two test positions (if any) may be applied in final reporting as a correction factor to all further illuminance measurements. This provides an accurate data set for the illuminance at the ABC sensor even though the lux measuring instrument is not situated at that point and allows the simultaneous plotting of display luminance, power and illuminance to accurately profile the ABC.

No further physical changes should be made to the test set up.

EN 24 EN

Unlike televisions, DSD's can have more than one ambient light sensor. For testing purposes, the technician shall determine a single sensor to be utilised in the test, eliminating the other light sensors by obscuring them with opaque tape. Unwanted sensors may also be disabled if control is provided to do so. In most instances the most suitable sensor to use would be a front-facing one. Measurement methods for DSD's with multiple light sensors may be explored further as a test method refinement to be qualified in a harmonised standard.

1.2.2. Check of correct implementation of "normal configuration" and energy impact warnings.

The configuration and operating mode flow chart for this testing exercise is shown in *Figure 1*: A power meter should be connected to the UUT for observation purposes and at least one video signal source provided. During this test the persistence of ABC in all other pre-set configurations, except "retail mode" should be confirmed.

#### 1.2.3. Audio Setting

An input signal should be provided containing audio and video (the 1kHz tone on the SDR video power test material is ideal) The sound volume setting should be reduced to a zero-display indication, or a mute control activated. It must be confirmed that activation of the mute control has no effect on "normal configuration" picture parameters.

1.2.4. Identifying the peak white luminance pattern for peak white luminance measurements

When a UUT displays a peak white pattern, the display may quickly dim within the first few seconds and gradually dim until stable. This makes it impossible to measure, in a consistent and repeatable way, power and luminance values, immediately after the image is displayed. In order to have repeatable measurements, some level of stability must be achieved. Testing on displays using current technology indicates that 30 seconds should be sufficient time to allow for luminance stability of a peak white image. As a practical observation, this time window also allows for any on-screen status display to disappear.

Current display products often have built-in electronics and display drive software to protect, the display power supply from being over-driven and the screen from suffering persistence (burn-in) by limiting total power to the screen. This can result in a limited luminance and limited power consumption when displaying, for example a large area of white test pattern.

In this test methodology, the measurement of peak luminance is made while displaying a 100% white test pattern, but the area of white is empirically limited to avoid the triggering of protection mechanisms. The appropriate test pattern is determined by displaying the range of eight "box and outline" dynamic test patterns based on VESA "L" test patterns from smallest (L10) to largest (L80), while recording power and screen luminance. A graph of power and screen luminance vs L pattern should assist in determining if and when display drive limiting is occurring. For example, if power consumption is increasing from L10 to L60, while luminance is either increasing or constant (not decreasing) then those patterns are not appearing to cause limiting. If test pattern L70 indicates no increase in power consumption or luminance (where there was an increase in previous L patterns), this would indicate that limiting is occurring at L70 or between L60 and L70. It may also be that limiting has occurred between L50 and L60 and the graphed points at L60 were in fact sloping downward. Therefore, the

EN 25 EN

largest pattern where we are sure no limiting occurs is L50 and this is the correct pattern to use for the peak luminance measurement.

1.2.5. Determination of ABC ambient light control range and latency of ABC action.

For the purposes of the Regulation (EU) 2019/2021 an ABC power allowance is provided in the EEI declaration if the ABC control characteristic meets specific requirements of display luminance control between ambient light levels of 100 lux and 12 lux with datum points of 60 lux and 35 lux. The change in display luminance between 100lux and 12 lux ambient light change must provide a 20% decrease in display power requirement for conformance with a regulation power allowance. The dynamic luminance "L" test pattern used to assess ABC luminance control conformance may also be simultaneously used to assess the power reduction conformance.

For DSD, a much wider range of ABC control with illuminance change may apply and the test methodology described here may be extended to gather data for future revisions of the Regulation.

## 1.2.5.1 ABC Latency Profiling

The latency of the ABC control function is the time delay between the ambient light change sensed at the ABC detector and the resulting change in UUT display luminance. Testing data has shown that this delay can be as long as 60 seconds and this must be taken into account when profiling ABC control. For latency estimation, the 100 lux slide (see 2.3.5.2), at a stable display luminance condition, is switched to the 60 lux slide and the time interval required to achieve a stable lower display luminance level recorded. At the lower stable luminance level, the 60 lux slide is switched to the 100 lux slide and the time interval to achieve a stable higher luminance level noted. The higher value of time interval is the one used for latency with a discretional 10 seconds added. This is saved as the slide show projection period for each slide.

## 1.2.5.2 Light Source Illumination Control

For ABC profiling, a peak white test pattern as identified in 2.3.4 is displayed on the UUT, as the brightness of the light source is altered from white through a range of grey slides to simulate ambient illumination changes. For illumination level control the first slide grey transparency is altered to achieve the starting point of the profiling (e.g. 120 lux) by measuring the lux level at the illuminance meter. The slide is saved and copied. A new grey transparency level is set for the copy to the required datum point of 100 lux and the slide saved and copied. The process is repeated for the datum points of 60 lux, 35 lux and 12 lux. A black (0 % transparency) illuminance slide can be added here for data plotting symmetry and the datum point slides copied and introduced in ascending illumination order back to 120 lux.

## 1.2.5.3 Light Source Colour Temperature Control

A further requirement is to set a colour temperature for the white point of the projected light to ensure repeatability of test data if a different projector light source is used for verification purposes. For this test methodology a white point colour temperature of 2800 °K  $\pm$  300 °K is specified for consistency with ABC methodology in earlier test standards.

This white point is readily set in any major computer application for slide creation by the use of a suitable colour solid fill (e.g. Red/Orange) and transparency adjustment.

EN 26 EN

With these tools the normally colder projector white point may be adjusted to the 2800 °K suggested, by altering the transparency of the selected colour whilst measuring colour temperature via a function of the illuminance meter. Once the required temperature is achieved it is applied to all slides.

#### 1.2.5.4 Data Recording

The power consumption, screen luminance and illuminance at the ABC sensor are measured and logged during the slide show. This data must correlate with time. Data points for three parameters must be logged in order to relate power consumption, to screen luminance and illuminance of the ABC sensor. Any number of slides can be created between datum points for high granularity of data within the constraints of available test time duration.

For DSD designed to operate in a wide range of ambient lighting conditions the operating range of the ABC control over display luminance can be manually established with the black transparency control operating on a single projected slide of peak white pre-set to the required colour temperature. The recommended pre-set configuration of the DSD for a wide range of ambient light operating conditions should be selected from the user menu. At a stable display luminance point the projected slide should be switched from 0 % to 100 % black transparency to establish the latency period. This should then be applied to slide grey transparency steps from black to a point where no change occurs in display luminance to establish the operating range of the ABC. A slide show can then be created in the granularity required to profile that range.

#### 1.2.6. Display luminance measurements

With ABC enabled and 100 lux ambient light level measured at the illuminance meter, the UUT should display the selected peak white luminance pattern (see 2.3.4) at a stable luminance. For Regulation conformance, luminance measurement should confirm that the display luminance level is 220 cd/m² or more for all display categories other than monitors. For monitors, a conformance level of 150 cd/m² or more is required. For displays without ABC or devices that do not claim the ABC allowance, measurements may be made without the ambient light part of the test rig.

For those displays which by design intention have a declared display peak white luminance level, in the normal configuration, of less than the conformance requirement of 220 cd/m² or 150 cd/m², as applicable, a further peak white measurement shall be made in the pre-set viewing configuration providing the highest measured peak white luminance. For Regulation conformance the calculated ratio of the normal viewing configuration peak white luminance measurement and the highest peak white luminance measurement should be 65 % or greater. This is declared as the "luminance ratio".

For those UUT with ABC that can be switched off a further Conformance test should be conducted. in the normal configuration. The stabilised peak white luminance pattern should be displayed in the measured 100 lux ambient illumination condition. It should be confirmed that the UUT power requirement, measured with ABC on, is the same as or less than the power requirement measured at a stabilised luminance with ABC off.

#### 1.2.7. Measurement of on-mode power

For each of the UUT powering systems covered in a), b) and c) below, SDR power should be measured in the normal configuration, using the HD version of the 10 minute "SDR dynamic video power test" file, unless input signal compatibility is restricted to

EN 27 EN

SD. The file source and UUT input interface should be confirmed to be capable of delivering full black and full white video data levels. Any upscaling of HD video resolution to the native resolution of the UUT display must be processed by the UUT and not an external device. The power declaration is the average power determined during the playback of the full 10-minute file.

HDR power, where the function applies, is measured using the two 5-minute HDR files "HDR-HLG power" and "HDR- HDR 10 power".

Test instrumentation and test conditions as detailed in relevant standards apply to all power testing.

Product warm up with current UUT display technology need not be protracted and is most conveniently conducted with the dynamic peak white luminance test pattern identified in section 1.3.4 above. When power readings are stable with the UUT displaying this pattern power measurements with the SDR and HDR dynamic video power test files may commence.

Where a product has ABC, this should be switched off. If it cannot be switched off the product should be tested in the 100-lux measured ambient light conditions described in section 1.3.5 above.

For UUT intended for use on AC mains including those using a standardised DC input but with an external power supply (EPS) provided packaged with the UUT, on-mode power should be measured at the AC supply point.

- (a) For UUT with a standardised DC input (only USB power delivery standards apply) power measurement should be made at the DC input. This is facilitated by a USB break out unit (BOU) which maintains the data path of the supply connector and UUT DC input but interrupts the power delivery path to allow current measurement and Voltage measurement inputs to the power meter. The USB BOU power meter combination must be fully tested to ensure that their design and maintenance condition do not interfere with the cable impedance sensing function of some USB power delivery standards. For the on-mode power measurement declaration (Ecodesign and labelling, Pmeasured) in SDR mode and HDR mode is the power recorded via the USB BOU.
- (b) For unusual UUT covered by the definitions of the Regulation but designed to operate from an internal battery which cannot be bypassed or removed for the required power testing the following methodology is proposed. The caveats for EPS and standardised DC input detailed in a) and b) above apply in the choice of AC or DC input power declaration.

For the purposes of the methodology the following qualifications apply:

Fully charged battery: Point during charging when according to the manufacturer's instructions, by indicator or time period the product does not need to be charged anymore. Visual profiling of this point should be made for subsequent reference with a graphical representation of the power meter charging log made with power measurements of 1 second granularity in a 30-minute period before and after the fully charged point.

Fully discharged battery: A point in on-mode, with the UUT disconnected from an external power source, where the display switches off automatically (not through auto standby functions) or ceases to function while displaying an image.

EN 28 EN

If there is no indicator or no stated charge time period the battery should be fully discharged. The battery should then be recharged with all display user-controlled functions off. The power input against time with a data granularity no less than one reading per second should be automatically logged. Where the log shows the start of a low power flat line battery maintenance mode or the start of a very low power period with spaced bursts of power, the time logged to that point from the start of the charge cycle of the battery, should be regarded as the basic charge time

Preparation of battery: Any unused Li-ion batteries shall be fully charged and fully discharged once, prior to conducting the first test on a UUT. All other unused battery chemistry/technology types shall be fully charged and fully discharged three times, prior to conducting the first test on the UUT.

**Method** Set up UUT for all the relevant testing as described in this testing methodology document. For the choice of AC or DC power measurement declaration, apply the caveats on powering in a) and b) above.

All test sequences involving power measurement for regulation conformance and declaration should be performed with the product battery fully charged and the external power source disconnected. The fully charged condition should be confirmed by the power meter log charging profile graph. The product should be switched to the measurement mode required and the test sequence started immediately. After the test sequence is completed the product should be switched off and a logged charging sequence commenced. When the charging log profile indicates a fully charged condition the average power recorded from the logged start of charging to the logged start of the fully charged condition is the power to be recorded for the Regulation requirement.

Standby, networked standby and off modes (if applicable) will require long periods of battery loading to provide good data repeatability from the recharge average power (e.g. 48 hours for off or standby and 24 hours for networked standby)

For luminance measurement and ABC luminance profiling the external power source can remain connected.

For ABC energy conformance (20 % power reduction test) the appropriate dynamic peak luminance sequence should be continuously played for 30 minutes in a 12 lux ambient light condition. The battery should be immediately recharged and the average power noted. The same should be repeated for the 100 lux ambient condition and the difference between the average recharge powers confirmed to be 20% or more.

For the SDR power declaration the appropriate 10-minute SDR dynamic power measurement sequence should be played 3 times sequentially and the average battery recharge power requirement logged (P<sub>measured</sub> (SDR) Watts = recharge energy Watt hours /total playback time in hours).

For the HDR power declaration each of the two five-minute HDR dynamic power measurement files should be played three times in quick succession and the average battery recharge power requirement logged (P<sub>measured</sub> (HDR) Watts = recharge energy Watt hours /total playback time hours).

1.2.8. Measure power requirement of low power and off modes

EN 29 EN

Test instrumentation and test conditions as detailed in relevant standards apply to all low power and off mode power testing. The AC or DC power measuring caveats of 2.3.7 a) and b) above apply and the special test procedure for battery powered displays covered in 2.3.7 c) must be applied where applicable.';

- (5) Annex IV is amended as follows:
  - (a) the first paragraph is replaced by the following:

'The verification tolerances defined in this Annex relate only to the verification by Member State authorities of the declared values and shall not be used by the manufacturer, importer or authorised representative as an allowed tolerance to establish the values in the technical documentation or in interpreting these values with a view to achieving compliance or to communicate better performance by any means.':

- (b) in point 2, the third paragraph is is replaced by the following:
  - '(7) The Member State authorities shall provide all relevant information to the authorities of the other Member States and to the Commission without delay after a decision being taken on the non-compliance of the model.';
- (c) the fifth row of Table 3 is replaced by the following:

Visible screen diagonal in centimetres	The determined value (*) shall not be lower than the declared value by more than 1 cm	
,. ,		
(d) the last row of Table 3 are replaced by the following:		
	, <u>e</u>	
•		
Maximum concentration values tolerated of	The determined value for any homogeneous	
	The determined value for any homogeneous material shall not exceed 0,1 % by weight of	
Maximum concentration values tolerated of halogenated flame retardants in enclosure and stand	The determined value for any homogeneous	

EN 30 EN

## ANNEX VI

Annexes I, III and IV to Regulation (EU) 2019/2022 are amended as follows:

- (1) in Annex I, the following point (19) is added:
  - '(19) 'declared values' means the values provided by the supplier for the stated, calculated or measured technical parameters in accordance with Article 4.2, for the verification of compliance by the Member State authorities.';
- (2) in Annex III, points 2, 3 and 4 are replaced by the following:

#### '2. CLEANING PERFORMANCE INDEX

For the calculation of the cleaning performance index (I<sub>C</sub>) of a household dishwasher model, the cleaning performance of the eco programme is compared to the cleaning performance of a reference dishwasher.

The I<sub>C</sub> is calculated as follows and rounded to three decimal places:

$$I_C = exp \; (ln \; I_C)$$
 and 
$$ln \; I_C = (1/n) \times \sum_{i=1}^n ln \; (C_{T,i}/C_{R,i})$$

where:

C<sub>T,i</sub> is the cleaning performance of the eco programme of the household dishwasher under test for one test run (i), rounded to three decimal places;

 $C_{R,i}$  is the cleaning performance of the reference dishwasher for one test run (i), rounded to three decimal places;

n is the number of test runs.

#### 3. DRYING PERFORMANCE INDEX

For the calculation of the drying performance index (I<sub>D</sub>) of a household dishwasher model, the drying performance of the eco programme is compared to the drying performance of the reference dishwasher.

The I<sub>D</sub> is calculated as follows and rounded to three decimal places:

$$\begin{split} I_D &= exp \; (ln \; I_D) \\ &\quad and \end{split}$$
 
$$ln \; I_D &= (1/n) \times \sum_{i=1}^n ln(I_{D,i}) \end{split}$$

where:

 $I_{D,i}$  is the drying performance index of the eco programme of the household dishwasher under test for one test run (i);

n is the number of combined cleaning and drying test runs.

The  $I_{D,i}$  is calculated as follows and rounded to three decimal places:

$$ln I_{D,i} = ln (D_{T,i} / D_{R,t})$$

where:

D<sub>T,i</sub> is the average drying performance score of the eco programme of the household dishwasher under test for one test run (i), rounded to three decimal places;

 $D_{R,t}$  is the target drying score of the reference dishwasher, rounded to three decimal places.

#### 4. LOW POWER MODES

Where applicable, the power consumption of the off mode  $(P_{\text{o}}),$  standby mode  $(P_{\text{sm}})$  and delay start  $(P_{\text{ds}})$  are measured. The measured values are expressed in W and rounded to two decimal places.

During measurements of the power consumption in low power modes, the following shall be checked and recorded:

- the display or not of information;
- the activation or not of a network connection.';
- (3) Annex IV is amended as follows:
  - (a) the first paragraph is replaced by the following:

'The verification tolerances defined in this Annex relate only to the verification by Member State authorities of the declared values and shall not be used by the manufacturer, importer or authorised representative as an allowed tolerance to establish the values in the technical documentation or in interpreting these values with a view to achieving compliance or to communicate better performance by any means.';

- (b) Point 7 is replaced by the following:
  - '(7) The Member State authorities shall provide all relevant information to the authorities of the other Member States and to the Commission without delay after a decision being taken on the non-compliance of the model according to points 3, 6 or the second paragraph of this Annex.'.

EN 32 EN

#### **ANNEX VII**

Annexes I, III, IV and VI to Regulation (EU) 2019/2023 are amended as follows:

- in Annex I, the following point (29) is added:
  - (29) 'declared values' means the values provided by the supplier for the stated, calculated or measured technical parameters in accordance with Article 4.2, for the verification of compliance by the Member State authorities.';
- Annex II, point 8(a) and (b) is amended as follows:

(a) manufacturers, importers or authorised representatives of household washing machines and household washer-dryers shall make available to professional repairers at least the following spare parts, for a minimum period of 10 years after placing the last unit of the model on the market:

- motor and motor brushes;
- transmission between motor and drum;
- shock absorbers and springs;
- washing drum, drum spider and related ball bearings (separately or bundled);
- heaters and heating elements, including heat pumps (separately or bundled);
- piping and related equipment including all hoses, valves, filters and aquastops (separately or bundled);
- printed circuit boards;
- electronic displays;
- pressure switches;
- thermostats and sensors;
- software and firmware including reset software;
- electrical door locking assembly;

(b) manufacturers, importers or authorised representatives of household washing machines and household washer-dryers shall make available to professional repairers and end-users at least the following spare parts: door, door hinge and seals, other seals, mechanical door locking assembly and plastic peripherals such as detergent dispensers, for a minimum period of 10 years after placing the last unit of the model on the market;

- (3) Annex III is amended as follows:
  - point 2 is replaced by the following:
    - 2. WASHING EFFICIENCY INDEX

The washing efficiency index of household washing machines and of the washing cycle of household washer-dryers (I<sub>W</sub>) and the washing efficiency index of the complete cycle of household washer-dryers (J<sub>W</sub>) shall be calculated using harmonised standards the reference numbers of which have been published for this purpose in the Official Journal of the European Union, or other reliable, accurate and reproducible methods, which take into account the generally recognised state-of-the-art, and rounded to three decimal places.';

**EN** 33

Commented [A3]: This is due to the fact that today, the vast majority of door locking mechanisms are electronically controlled. Whenever a repair with energized parts is necessary, it should not be carried out by laymen since there is a serious hazard of electrical shocks if done incorrectly. Several member states require a check after repairs for insulation resistance and earth continuity (e.g. EN/VDE) to ensure safety, and end-users neither have the knowledge nor the equipment to execute such tests. Thus, the spare part "door locking assembly" shall be moved from letter (b) to letter (a) in order to be only available for professional repairers.

It is generally wise to add to letter (b) that energized parts should never be repaired by end users themselves as it may put their lives in danger. That is why the appliances require a safety check after the repair before they can be used again.

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1,5 cm, No bullets or numberina

(b) In point 5, the first paragraph of point (2) is replaced by the following:

'For household washer-dryers with a rated washing capacity lower than or equal to 3 kg, the weighted water consumption of the wash and dry cycle is the water consumption at rated capacity and rounded to the nearest integer.';

(c) point 6 is replaced by the following:

#### **'6. REMAINING MOISTURE CONTENT**

The weighted remaining moisture content after washing (D) of a household washing machine and of the washing cycle of a household washer-dryer is calculated in percentage as follows, and is rounded to one decimal place:

$$D = \left[ A \times D_{\text{full}} + B \times D_{\frac{1}{2}} + C \times D_{\frac{1}{4}} \right]$$

where:

 $D_{\text{full}}$  is the remaining moisture content for the eco 40-60 programme at rated washing capacity, in percentage and rounded to two decimal places;

 $D_{1/2}$  is the remaining moisture content of the eco 40-60 programme at half of the rated washing capacity in percentage and rounded to two decimal places;

 $D_{1/4}$  is the remaining moisture content of the eco 40-60 programme at a quarter of the rated washing capacity in percentage and rounded to two decimal places;

A, B and C are the weighting factors as described in point 1.1(c).';

(d) point 8 is replaced by the following:

## **'8. LOW POWER MODES**

Where applicable, the power consumption of the off mode  $(P_o)$ , standby mode  $(P_{sm})$  and delay start  $(P_{ds})$  are measured. The measured values are expressed in W and rounded to two decimal places.

During measurements of the power consumption in low power modes, the following shall be checked and recorded:

- the display or not of information;
- the activation or not of a network connection.

If a household washing machine or a household washer-dryer provides for a wrinkle guard function, this operation shall be interrupted by opening the household washing machine or household washer-dryer door, or any other appropriate intervention 15 minutes before the measurement of energy consumption.';

- (4) Annex IV is amended as follows:
  - (a) the first paragraph is replaced by the following:

'The verification tolerances defined in this Annex relate only to the verification by Member State authorities of the declared values and shall not be used by the manufacturer, importer or authorised representative as an allowed tolerance to establish the values in the technical documentation or in interpreting these values with a view to achieving compliance or to communicate better performance by any means.';

EN 34 EN

- (b) point (7) is replaced by the following:
  - '(7) the Member State authorities shall provide all relevant information to the authorities of the other Member States and to the Commission without delay after a decision being taken on the non-compliance of the model according to points 3, 6 or the second paragraph of this Annex.';
- (c) Table 1 is replaced by the following:

# *'Table'* **Verification tolerances**

Parameter	Verification tolerances	
Ew,full, Ew,½, Ew,1/4, EwD,full,	The determined value (*) shall not exceed the declared	
$E_{WD,\frac{1}{2}}$	value of Ew,full, Ew,½, Ew,1/4, EwD,full and EwD,½,	
	respectively, by more than 10 %.	
Weighted energy	The determined value (*) shall not exceed the declared	
consumption (E <sub>W</sub> and E <sub>WD</sub> )	value of E <sub>W</sub> , respectively E <sub>WD</sub> , by more than 10 %.	
$W_{W,full}$ , $W_{W,\frac{1}{2}}$ $W_{W,\frac{1}{4}}$	The determined value (*) shall not exceed the declared	
$W_{WD,full}, W_{WD,\frac{1}{2}}$	value of W <sub>W,full</sub> , W <sub>W,½</sub> W <sub>W,1/4</sub> , W <sub>WD,full</sub> and W <sub>WD,½</sub> ,	
	respectively, by more than 10 %.	
Weighted water	The determined value (*) shall not exceed the declared	
consumption (Ww and	value of Ww, respectively WwD, by more than 10 %.	
$W_{WD}$ )		
Washing efficiency index	The determined value (*) shall not be less than the	
(Iw) at rated washing	declared value of Iw, respectively Jw, by more than 8 %.	
capacity, at half rated		
washing capacity, at		
quarter rated capacity and		
Washing Efficiency Index		
(Jw) at rated capacity and		
half rated capacity.	T1 1 (*) 1 11 ( 11 1 1 1 1	
Rinsing effectiveness (I <sub>R</sub> )	The determined value (*) shall not exceed the declared	
at rated washing capacity, at half rated washing	value of I <sub>R</sub> , respectively J <sub>R</sub> , by more than 1,0 g/kg.	
capacity and at quarter		
rated washing capacity and		
Rinsing effectiveness (J <sub>R</sub> )		
at rated capacity and at half		
rated capacity		
Duration of the eco 40-60	The determined value (*) of the programme duration	
programme (tw) at rated	shall not exceed the declared value of tw by more than 5	
washing capacity, at half	% or by more than 10 minutes, whichever is the smaller.	
rated washing capacity and	,	
at quarter rated washing		
capacity		
Duration of the wash and	The determined value of the cycle duration shall not	
dry cycle (two) at rated	exceed the declared value of two by more than 5 % or by	
capacity and at half rated.	more than 10 minutes, whichever is the smaller.	-
Maximum temperature	The determined value shall not be less than the declared	
inside the laundry (T)	values of T by more than 5 K and it shall not exceed the	
during the washing cycle in	declared value of T by more than 5 K.	

**Commented [A4]:** We understand that this tolerance is valid for all three loads for the washing machines and valid for the two loads in the Washer-Dryers

Deleted: and

**Commented [A5]:** We understand that this tolerance is valid for all three loads for the washing machines and valid for the two loads in the Washer-Dryers

**Commented [A6]:** We understand that this tolerance is valid for all three loads for the eco 40-60 programme

**Commented [A7]:** We understand that this tolerance is valid for the two loads of the wash and dry cycle

**Commented [A8]:** We understand that this tolerance is valid for all three loads for the washing machines and valid for the two loads in the Washer-Dryers

EN 35 EN

the washing phase for all rated capacities.	
Weighted remaining moisture content after washing (D)	The determined value (*) shall not exceed the declared value of D by more than 10 %.
Final moisture content after drying at rated	The determined value (*) shall not exceed 3,0 %.
capacity and at half rated capacity	
Power consumption in off mode (P <sub>o</sub> )	The determined value (*) of power consumption $P_0$ shall not exceed the declared value by more than 0,10 W.
Power consumption in standby mode $(P_{sm})$	The determined value (*) of power consumption $P_{\rm sm}$ shall not exceed the declared value by more than 10 % if the declared value is higher than 1,00 W, or by more than 0,10 W if the declared value is lower than or equal to 1,00 W.
Power consumption in delay start $(P_{ds})$	The determined value (*) of power consumption $P_{ds}$ shall not exceed the declared value by more than 10 % if the declared value is higher than 1,00 W, or by more than 0,10 W if the declared value is lower than or equal to 1,00 W.

<sup>\*</sup> In the case of three additional units tested as prescribed in point 4, the determined value means the arithmetical mean of the values determined for these three additional units.';

(5) in Annex VI point (h) is replaced by the following:

'(h) the remaining moisture content after washing is calculated as the weighted average, according to each drum's rated capacity;'.

**Commented [A9]:** We understand that this tolerance is valid for the two loads of the wash and dry cycle

EN 36 EN

## ANNEX VIII

Annexes I and IV to Regulation (EU) 2019/2024 are amended as follows:

- (1) in Annex I, the following point (26) is added:
  - '(26) 'declared values' means the values provided by the supplier for the stated, calculated or measured technical parameters in accordance with Article 4.2, for the verification of compliance by the Member State authorities.';
- (2) in Annex III, Table 5, the following is added:

٤	

Category	Temperature class	Highest temperature of warmest M-package (°C)	Lowest temperature of coldest M-package (°C)	Highest temperature of all M- packages (°C)	Value for C
Vertical and combined supermarket cabinet	M0	≤+4	≥ - 1	n.a.	1,30
Horizontal supermarket cabinet	M0	≤+4	≥-1	n.a.	1,13

٠.

- (3) Annex IV is amended as follows:
  - (a) the first paragraph is replaced by the following:

'The verification tolerances defined in this Annex relate only to the verification by Member State authorities of the declared values and shall not be used by the manufacturer, importer or authorised representative as an allowed tolerance to establish the values in the technical documentation or in interpreting these values with a view to achieving compliance or to communicate better performance by any means.';

- (b) point (7) is replaced by the following:
  - '(7) The Member State authorities shall provide all relevant information to the authorities of the other Member States and to the Commission without delay after a decision being taken on the non-compliance of the model according to points 3, 6 or the second paragraph of this Annex.'.